

## Assignment 6

Due to the Midterm Exam, there will be no oral presentation on October 18.

### Mandatory questions to be answered in writing

1. Given any cut  $\xi \subset \mathbb{Q}^+$ , define  $\sqrt{\xi}$  by  $\sqrt{\xi} := \{x \in \mathbb{Q}^+ \mid x^2 \in \xi\}$ . Prove that  $\sqrt{\xi}$  is a cut and that  $\sqrt{\xi} \cdot \sqrt{\xi} = \xi$ .
2. Given any cut  $\xi \subset \mathbb{Q}^+$  and  $n \in \mathbb{P}$ , define  $\xi \cdot n$  by  $\xi \cdot n := \{x \in \mathbb{Q}^+ \mid \exists y \in \xi (x < y \cdot n)\}$ . Without using Theorem 141, prove that  $\xi \cdot n$  is a cut. Prove also that whenever  $\xi$  is a rational cut  $\{x \in \mathbb{Q}^+ \mid x < \frac{p}{q}\}$ , the set  $\xi \cdot n$  is the rational cut  $\{x \in \mathbb{Q}^+ \mid x < \frac{p \cdot n}{q}\}$ .
3. Show that the order on cuts is dense, that is, given  $\xi < \eta$  cuts, there is a cut  $\zeta$  satisfying  $\xi < \zeta < \eta$ . (Hint: you may choose  $\zeta$  to be a rational cut.)