

LdPinch Report

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1 Malware General Information

Malware Name: LdPinch (named by ThreatExpert)

File size: 641,536 bytes

File type: PE32 executable (GUI) Intel 80386, for MS Windows

MD5: 48e6a5a9ac9f8a6879ca39a4709d8d67

2 Behavior Analysis

When executed, the malware creates a copy of itself at the following location: %Temp%\system32_.exe. %Temp% is a variable that refers to the temporary folder. By default, %Temp% is C:\Documents and Settings\[UserName]\Local Settings\Temp on Windows NT/2000/XP.

Then the malware creates a file at the location %Temp%\svopst_.bin. The content of svopst_.bin is from the Resource Section [2][3] of the header of system32_.exe. After the creation of svopst_.bin, system32_.exe is deleted. It seems that the malware then decrypts svopst_.bin and based on the decrypted content, creates two files: %Temp%\AMB_1.03.exe and %Temp%\network.ico. However, the exact decryption algorithm used by the malware is still unclear.

Next, the malware tries to run AMB_1.03.exe and uses the API CreateProcessW to create a process for it. In the API CreateProcessW, this file will be checked before creating its process. Due to an unknown reason, the header of AMB_1.03.exe is not a valid executable file header, so the checking result is STATUS_INVALID_IMAGE_NOT_MZ (its value is 0xC000012F, which means that this file does not have the correct format: it does not have an initial MZ [1]). Because the checking result of this file is STATUS_INVALID_IMAGE_NOT_MZ, CreateProcessW launches NTVDM to execute this file.

3 Assembly Code Analysis

To thoroughly understand how exactly the LdPinch sample creates AMB_1.03.exe, we use Ollydbg and IDA disassembler to analyze the sample file C:\ldpinch_48e6a5a9ac9f8a6879ca39a4709d8d67.exe. Since we do not have source code for the malware sample, we can only list assembly code here. The relevant code path is shown and annotated below:

```
00406A7C  55                PUSH EBP                ; malware entry point
00406A7D  8BEC             MOV EBP,ESP
00406A7F  83C4 F0          ADD ESP,-10
00406A82  B8 3C6A4000      MOV EAX,ldpinch_.00406A3C
00406A87  E8 10DCFFFF      CALL ldpinch_.0040469C
.....
004067BC  50                PUSH EAX
004067BD  8D55 F0          LEA EDX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-10]
004067C0  33C0             XOR EAX,EAX
004067C2  E8 4DBFFFFFFF   CALL ldpinch_.00402714
004067C7  8B45 F0          MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-10]
004067CA  E8 F9D1FFFFFF   CALL ldpinch_.004039C8
004067CF  50                PUSH EAX
004067D0  E8 83DFFFFFFF   CALL <JMP.&kernel32.CopyFileA>;ExistingFileName = "C:\ldpinch_48e6a5a9ac9f8a6879ca39a4709d8d67.exe"
004067D0                ;NewFileName =
```



```

004054CF 8D04BF LEA EAX,DWORD PTR DS:[EDI+EDI*4]
004054D2 8B55 F8 MOV EDX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-8]
004054D5 8B54C2 14 MOV EDX,DWORD PTR DS:[EDX+EAX*8+14] ; EDX=D000, the relative virtual address of the resource section
004054D9 8B43 08 MOV EAX,DWORD PTR DS:[EBX+8]
004054DC E8 77F7FFFF CALL Idpinch_.00404C58
004054E1 8943 10 MOV DWORD PTR DS:[EBX+10],EAX
004054E4 8975 FC MOV DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-4],ESI
004054E7 EB 04 JMP SHORT Idpinch_.004054ED
004054E9 47 INC EDI
004054EA 48 DEC EAX
004054EB 75 94 JNZ SHORT Idpinch_.00405481 ; a loop of parsing the Section Headers
.....

00405358 6A 00 PUSH 0
0040535A 6A 00 PUSH 0
0040535C 57 PUSH EDI
0040535D 6A 00 PUSH 0
0040535F 56 PUSH ESI
00405360 53 PUSH EBX
00405361 8B45 FC MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-4]
00405364 50 PUSH EAX ; FileName=
00405364 ;"C:\Documents and Settings\[User]\Local Settings\Temp\svopst_.bin"
00405365 E8 06F4FFFF CALL <JMP.&kernel32.CreateFileW> ; Create svopst_.bin,
00405365 ; return value is 4c (file handle for svopst_.bin), which stores in EAX
0040536A 8BD8 MOV EBX,EAX ; 4c->EBX
.....

00405B0C 6A 00 PUSH 0 ; pOverlapped = NULL
00405B0E 8D45 F0 LEA EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-10]
00405B11 50 PUSH EAX
00405B12 8B45 F4 MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-C]
00405B15 50 PUSH EAX ; nBytesToWrite = 8D751, length of the "RELOC" resource section
00405B16 8B45 F8 MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-8]
00405B19 50 PUSH EAX ; Buffer = 937430, starting address of the "RELOC" resource section
00405B1A 8B45 EC MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-14]
00405B1D 50 PUSH EAX ; hFile is 4c (handle of svopst_.bin)
00405B1E E8 F5ECFFFF CALL <JMP.&kernel32.WriteFile> ; Write the content of the "RELOC" resource section of system32_.exe
00405B1E ; to svopst_.bin. So the length of svopst_.bin is 8D751 bytes.
.....

004068D7 50 PUSH EAX ; FileName="C:\Documents and Settings\[User]\Local Settings\Temp\system32_.exe"
004068D8 E8 A3DEFFFF CALL <JMP.&kernel32.DeleteFileA> ; Delete system32_.exe
.....

00402C87 6A 00 PUSH 0
00402C89 68 80000000 PUSH 80
00402C8E 51 PUSH ECX
00402C8F 6A 00 PUSH 0
00402C91 52 PUSH EDX
00402C92 50 PUSH EAX
00402C93 8D43 48 LEA EAX,DWORD PTR DS:[EBX+48]
00402C96 50 PUSH EAX ; FileName= "C:\Documents and Settings\[User]\Local Settings\Temp\svopst_.bin"
00402C97 E8 9CE3FFFF CALL <JMP.&kernel32.CreateFileA> ; Open svopst_.bin
00402C97 ; return value is 48 (handle for svopst_.bin)
.....

00402A5E 6A 00 PUSH 0
00402A60 8D45 FC LEA EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-4]
00402A63 50 PUSH EAX
00402A64 8B43 08 MOV EAX,DWORD PTR DS:[EBX+8]
00402A67 F7EE IMUL ESI
00402A69 50 PUSH EAX ; EAX is 8D751, the length to read
00402A6A 57 PUSH EDI ; EDI is 9E0718, starting address of the buffer
00402A6B 8B03 MOV EAX,DWORD PTR DS:[EBX]
00402A6D 50 PUSH EAX ; EAX is 48 (handle for svopst_.bin)
00402A6E FF55 0C CALL DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+C] ; read 8D751 bytes (the length of svopst_.bin) from svopst_.bin

```

```

00402A6E                                     ; to the buffer starting from 9E0718
.....

00402AF0 55          PUSH EBP
00402AF1 8BEC        MOV EBP,ESP
00402AF3 53          PUSH EBX
00402AF4 8B5D 08     MOV EBX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+8]
00402AF7 53          PUSH EBX
00402AF8 68 B2D70000 PUSH OD7B2
00402AFD 68 3C2A4000 PUSH <JMP.&kernel32.WriteFile>
00402B02 6A 65       PUSH 65
00402B04 E8 3BFFFFFF CALL ldpinch_.00402A44      ; presumably decrypt the content in the buffer starting from 9E0718
.....

00402A5E 6A 00       PUSH 0
00402A60 8D45 FC    LEA EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-4]
00402A63 50          PUSH EAX
00402A64 8B43 08    MOV EAX,DWORD PTR DS:[EBX+8]
00402A67 F7EE       IMUL ESI
00402A69 50          PUSH EAX      ; EAX is 8D751, the length to write
00402A6A 57          PUSH EDI      ; EDI is 9E0718, starting address of the buffer
00402A6A                                     ; now the buffer stores the presumably decrypted content
00402A6B 8B03       MOV EAX,DWORD PTR DS:[EBX]
00402A6D 50          PUSH EAX      ; EAX is 48 (handle for svopst_.bin)
00402A6E FF55 0C    CALL DWORD PTR SS:[EBP+C]  ; write 8D751 bytes from the buffer to svopst_.bin
.....

004064CB BA C8664000 MOV EDX,ldpinch_.004066C8 ; ASCII "DF6C52F0B8098A48D040D5C099704166.dat"
004064D0 E8 9FD3FFFF CALL ldpinch_.00403874
004064D5 8B45 C0    MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-40]
004064D8 E8 EBD4FFFF CALL ldpinch_.004039C8
004064DD 50          PUSH EAX      ; FileName=" C:\Documents and Settings\[User]\Local Settings\Temp\
004064DD                                     ; DF6C52F0B8098A48D040D5C099704166.dat"
004064DE E8 7DE2FFFF CALL <JMP.&kernel32.CreateFileA> ; Create DF6C52F0B8098A48D040D5C099704166.dat
004064DE                                     ; return value is 40 (handle for DF6C52F0B8098A48D040D5C099704166.dat)
.....

00406548 52          PUSH EDX      ; BytesToRead=85A00
00406549 8BF3       MOV ESI,EBX
0040654B 56          PUSH ESI      ; Buffer=00930000
0040654C 57          PUSH EDI      ; hFile= 48 (handle for svopost_.bin)
0040654D E8 8EE2FFFF CALL <JMP.&kernel32.ReadFile> ; Read 85A00 bytes from svopost_.bin to the buffer 930000
00406552 6A 00       PUSH 0
00406554 8D45 E0    LEA EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-20]
00406557 50          PUSH EAX
00406558 8B45 E4    MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-1C]
0040655B 50          PUSH EAX      ; nBytesToWrite =85A00
0040655C 56          PUSH ESI      ; Buffer= 00930000
0040655D 8B45 F0    MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-10]
00406560 50          PUSH EAX      ; hFile=40 (handle for DF6C52F0B8098A48D040D5C099704166.dat)
00406561 E8 B2E2FFFF CALL <JMP.&kernel32.WriteFile> ; Write 85A00 bytes from the buffer to
00406561                                     ; DF6C52F0B8098A48D040D5C099704166.dat. The content in the buffer
00406561                                     ; is from svopost_.bin
.....

004061D5 50          PUSH EAX
004061D6 8B45 FC    MOV EAX,DWORD PTR SS:[EBP-4]
004061D9 E8 EAD7FFFF CALL ldpinch_.004039C8
004061DE 50          PUSH EAX
004061DF E8 74E5FFFF CALL <JMP.&kernel32.CopyFileA>; ExistingFileName="C:\Documents and Settings\[User]\
004061DF                                     ; Local Settings\Temp\DF6C52F0B8098A48D040D5C099704166.dat"
004061DF                                     ; NewFileName=" C:\Documents and Settings\[User]\Local Settings\Temp\
004061DF                                     ; AMB_1.03.exe": copy the DAT file to AMB_1.03.exe
.....

```

4 Conclusion

The above analysis suggests that the malware hides other malicious executables (in an encrypted form) in its resource section, and during execution it decrypts the embedded executables and drops them onto the disk, before executing them. Our analysis on another LdPinch sample (MD5: f19e796a9cf91356fd0c8e7a a0a516ff) confirms this observation because the decrypted file is a .com file that can be executed.

However, it seems that for the malware sample that we analyze in this report, the malware author has made a mistake by packing an invalid executable file: AMB_1.03.exe should be a valid executable file but somehow its format is wrong, which leads to the launching of NTVDM.

5 References

- [1] MSDN. <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc704588.aspx>
- [2] Matt Pietrek. Peering Inside the PE: A Tour of the Win32 Portable Executable File Format. MSDN Magazine, March 1994. Available at <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/magazine/ms809762.aspx>
- [3] Matt Pietrek. An In-Depth Look into the Win32 Portable Executable File Format. MSDN Magazine, February 2002. Available at <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/magazine/cc301805.aspx>