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Managing Security of Virtual Machine Images in a Cloud Environment

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Virtual Machine Images in a Typical Cloud

Virtual Machine (VM) = logical computer

Virtual Machine Image (VM Image) = logical computer in a file

- VM image repositories: collections of VM images
- Compute Servers
 Servers (optional)

 Switch
 Repository

 Portal
 Server

 Servers

 Serve
- E.g., VMware virtual appliance market place, Amazon machine images (AMIs) collection in EC2
- Facilitate deployment of new virtual machines
- Reduce management/configuration cost of the cloud users

VM image sharing is one of the underpinnings of cloud computing



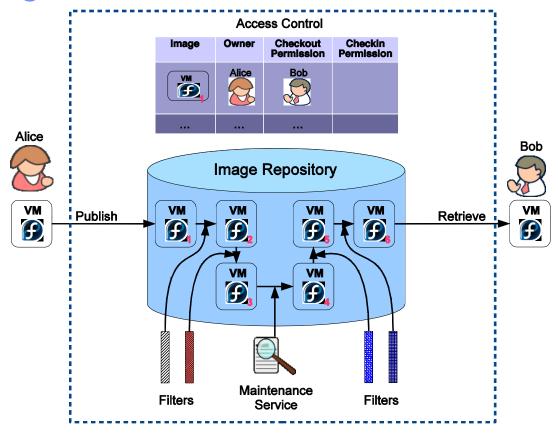
Security Risks in an Image Repository

- The publisher's risk: inadvertent leaking of sensitive information (private data or intellectual properties) and unauthorized access to the image
 - Sensitive information is often stored without the publisher's awareness. E.g., autocomplete feature of some browsers
- The retriever's risk: running vulnerable or malicious virtual machine images
 - A retrieved image may be instantiated into a full-fledged intruder machine inside a corporate network. Easier way to deploy Trojan Horses
- The repository admin's risk: hosting and distributing images that contain malicious or illegal content
 - Software patches, software license compliance checks
 - No systematic way to track image ownership, provenance or derivation relationships



Solution Overview: Mirage

- An access control framework: regulates the sharing of VM images
- Image filters: remove unwanted information in the image
- A provenance tracking mechanism: tracks the derivation history of an image and the associated operations performed on the image

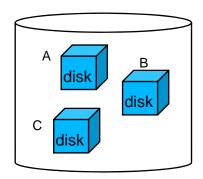


 A set of repository maintenance services, such as periodic virus scanning of the entire repository, that detect and fix vulnerabilities discovered after images are published



Implementation: the Mirage Image Library

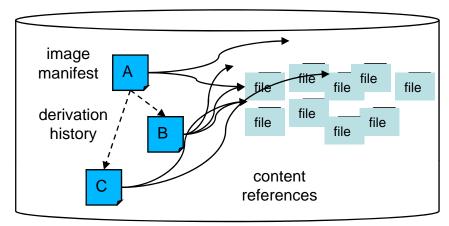
Conventional image library



Disk granularity store

- <u>Disk</u> based representation
- No image relationships
- Hypervisor-dependent
- Merely a storage system for image disks

Mirage image library



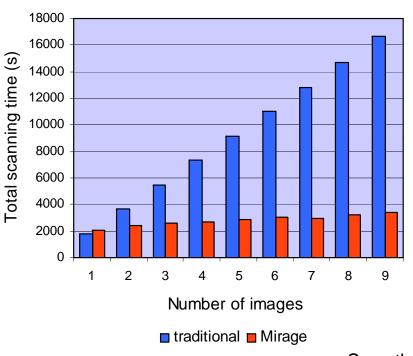
Content addressable, file granularity store

- <u>File</u> based representation
- Image relationships (think CVS)
- Hypervisor-agnostic
- A sophisticated store with APIs to directly manipulate images without deploying them as instances or fully assembling their disks
- Conventional disk is reconstituted when an image is checked out



Preliminary Experiments

ClamAV scanning time



- The VM images are daily snapshots of a large, commercial, Eclipse-based development environment (6GB, ~60,000 files)
- Each unique file is scanned only once, even if shared among many VM images
- Scanning time gains depend on the similarity among VM images

Uses a reverse index (constant time operation to identify image manifests containing reference to F)

Scan the CAS as if it is a single file system; For each infected file F {

For all image manifests that contain a reference to F, flag the reference as 'infected';



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Thank you!

