

January 31, 2001

Name _____

The first 8 problems count 7 points each and the final 4 count as marked.

1. Fill in the three character code you received via email in the box

Multiple choice section. Circle the correct choice. You do not need to show your work on these problems.

2. Which of the following numbers belong to the (implied) domain of

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-2}}{x-4}?$$

Circle all those that apply.

- (A) -2 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 (E) 5

3. What is the y -intercept of the line defined by $\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{6} = 2$?

- (A) -2 (B) 4 (C) 6 (D) 12 (E) 16

4. Let $f(x) = 2x + 3$ and $g(x) = 3x - 3$. Which of the following does not belong to the domain of f/g ?

- (A) 1 (B) 3 (C) 6 (D) 9 (E) The domain of f/g is the set of all real numbers.

5. Referring to the f and g of the previous problem, what is the value of $g(f(g(3)))$?

- (A) -3 (B) 15 (C) 42 (D) 45 (E) 54

6. Let $f(x) = x^2 + 1$. Evaluate and simplify $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$.

(A) $h - 2$ (B) $2x - 2h + h^2$ (C) $2x + h$

(D) $2x + h + 2$ (E) $x^2 + 2h + 2$

Suppose the functions f and g are given completely by the table of values shown.

x	$f(x)$	x	$g(x)$
0	2	0	5
1	7	1	7
2	5	2	4
3	1	3	2
4	3	4	6
5	6	5	3
6	0	6	1
7	4	7	0

7. Solve the equation $f \circ g(x) = 7$?

(A) 1 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5 (E) 6

8. Compute $(f \cdot g)(g(3))$?

(A) 18 (B) 20 (C) 24 (D) 28 (E) 30

On all the following questions, **show your work**.

9. (20 points) Let f and g be functions defined by $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ 4 - x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$
and $g(x) = 2x + 3$.

(a) Compute $g \circ f(-1)$, $g \circ f(0)$, and $g \circ f(1)$

(b) Find a symbolic representation of $g \circ f(x)$

10. (10 points) Cowling's Rule can be used to calculate drug doses for children. If a is the adult dosage and t is the age of the child in years, then the child's dosage is

$$D(t) = \left(\frac{t+1}{24} \right) a.$$

If the adult dosage for a certain drug is 300 mg and the child is 5 years old, how much drug should be prescribed?

11. (25 points) Compute each of the following limits.

(a) Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 2 & \text{if } x \neq 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x - 1}{x^3 - 1}$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 2x^3 \sqrt{x^2 + 7}$

(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2}{1 + x^2}$

12. (15 points) Describe in English what it means to say that “the limit of a function f is 2 as x approaches 1”. Sketch a graph of a function which has this property but also satisfies $f(1) = 3$.