

w_1

	s_1	0	1
$s_0 d$	00	1	1
	01	0	1
	11	1	0
	10	1	0

$$w_1 = s_0' d' + s_1 s_0' + s_1' s_0$$

w_0

	s_1	0	1
$s_0 d$	00	0	1
	01	1	1
	11	1	0
	10	1	0

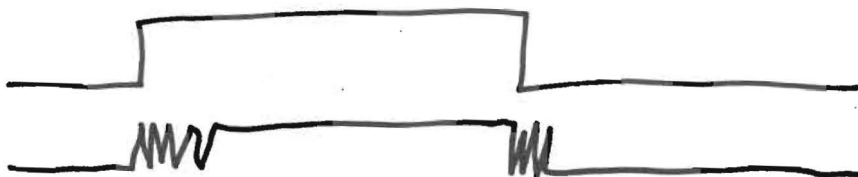
$$w_0 = s_1' s_0 + s_0' d + s_1' s_0'$$

x

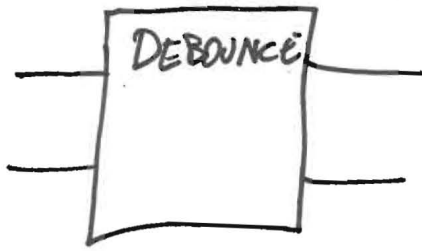
	s_1	0	1
$s_0 d$	00	0	0
	01	0	0
	11	1	1
	10	1	1

$$x = s_0'$$

Debounce



ECOR2181 - Extra Notes - 11/29/09



(2)

#states = #ffneed

$$\#states \leq 2^{\#ff}$$

$$5 \leq 2^3$$

K counts from 0 to $2^{20} - 1$ (1M)
0 to 1,048,575

Clock is 50 MHz

So how long will it take to count from 1 to 1,048,575

$$f = 50 \times 10^6 = 5.0 \times 10^7$$

$$\text{period} = \frac{1}{5. \times 10^7} = 20 \text{ ns } (.00000002)$$

period * size of reg =

$$= .00000002 \text{ sec} \times 1,048,575$$

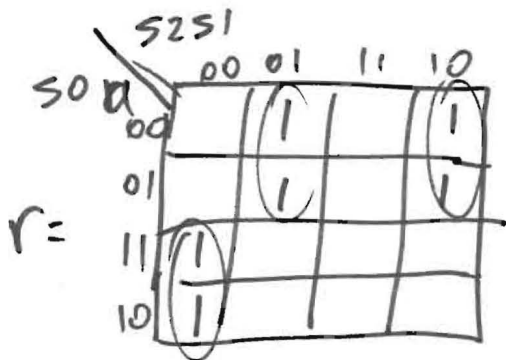
$$= .021 \text{ sec } (21 \text{ msec})$$

ECGR 4101 - Extra Notes

11/24/09 Sec 2

11/30/09 Sec 1

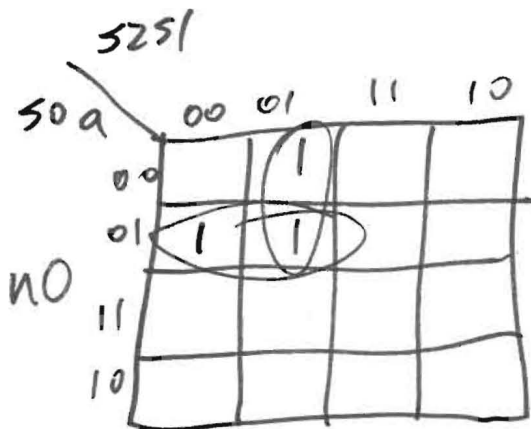
Slide 45, Chapter 3 notes



$$r = s_2's_1's_0 + s_2's_1s_0' + s_2s_1's_0'$$

$$n_2 = s_2's_1s_0$$

$$n_1 = s_2's_1's_0 + s_2's_1s_0'$$



$$n_0 = s_2's_0'a + s_2's_1s_0'$$

Sec 2, 11/24/09
through Notes p 45

sec 1, 11/30/09
through Notes p 52

