

A. Limit Rules

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \ln(x) = -\infty$

2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln(x) = \infty$

3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \log(x) = -\infty$

4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \log(x) = \infty$

$$(f^{-1})'(a) = \frac{1}{f'(f^{-1}(a))}$$

Examples:

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \log(x^2 - 5x + 6) =$

2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \log(\sin x) =$

3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} [\log(1 + x^2) - \log(1 + x)] =$

4. If f is one-to-one and $f(3) = 11$, then

a.) $f^{-1}(11) =$

b.) $[f(3)]^{-1} =$

5. Find the inverse for each of the following:

a.) $f(x) = \frac{4x - 12}{19x + 15}$

b.) $h(x) = e^{9x+3}$

c.) $f(x) = \ln(13x + 10)$

6. For $f(x) = x^3 + 4x + 4$, find $(f^{-1})'(4) =$

7. Suppose f^{-1} is the inverse function of a differentiable function f and $f(3) = 4$, $f'(3) = \frac{7}{4}$ then $(f^{-1})'(4) =$

8. If $\ln(a) = 2$, $\ln(b) = 3$, and $\ln(c) = 5$, evaluate $\ln(\sqrt{b^{-4}c^{-4}a^{-3}}) =$

9. Solve each equation for x :

a.) $3^{x-4} = 9$

b.) $\ln(x) + \ln(x-1) = 4$