

**MATH 6171**

**Test 1**

**Fall 2002**

**Show the details of your work !!**

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

ID: \_\_\_\_\_

1. For each of the following equations, determine whether the power series method works near  $x = 0$  and whether the Frobenius method works (Justify your answer).

(a)  $x^3y'' + xy' + (x^2 - 3)y = 0$ .

(b)  $x^2y'' + xy' + (x^2 - 3)y = 0$ ;

(c)  $y'' + xy' + (x^2 - 3)y = 0$ ;

2. Find one solution of the following equation using the Frobenius method (suppose  $x_0 = 0$ ):

$$x(1-x)y'' + 2(1-2x)y' - 2y = 0.$$

3. Find the eigenvalue and eigenfunctions of the following problem:

$$y'' + \lambda y = 0, \quad y'(0) = y'(1) = 0.$$

4. Find the Laplace transform  $\mathcal{L}\{f\}$  of the given functions:

(a)  $f(t) = t^2 + e^{2t} \sin 3t + \delta(t - 4)$ ;

(b)  $f(t) = \sin^2 t$ ;

(c)  $f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & \text{if } 0 < t < 1, \\ 0, & \text{if } 1 < t. \end{cases}$

(d)  $f(t) = u(t - 3) \cos t$ .

5. Find  $f(t)$  if  $F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f\}$  equals

(a)  $F(s) = \frac{s+4}{s^2+4};$

(b)  $F(s) = \frac{1}{(s-2)(s+1)};$

(c)  $F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2+2s+10};$

(d)  $F(s) = \frac{se^{-2s}}{s^2+9};$

6. Solve the given initial value problem

$$y'' - y' - 12y = u(t - 5), \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 1.$$