

1. (a) It is convergent according to the comparison test.

(b) It is convergent according to the ratio test

(c)

$$R = \sqrt{2}.$$

(d)

$$R = \infty.$$

2. (a)

$$\frac{1}{1+z^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n z^{2n}, \quad \text{for } |z| < 1.$$

(b)

$$\sin^2 z = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{(2z)^2}{2!} - \frac{(2z)^4}{4!} + \cdots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{(2z)^{2n}}{(2n)!} + \cdots \right], \quad \text{for } |z| < \infty.$$

(c)

$$\frac{1}{(z+i)^2} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n i^{(n+1)} z^{n-1}, \quad \text{for } |z| < 1.$$

(d)

$$\int_0^z \cos t^2 dt = z - \frac{z^5}{5 \cdot 2!} + \frac{z^9}{9 \cdot 4!} + \cdots + (-1)^n \frac{z^{4n+1}}{(4n+1)(2n)!} + \cdots, \quad \text{for } |z| \leq \infty.$$

- 3.

$$\frac{1}{z+1} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{z-1}{2} \right)^n, \quad \text{for } |z-1| < 2.$$

$$\frac{1}{z+1} = \frac{1}{z-1} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{2}{z-1} \right)^n, \quad \text{for } |z-1| > 2.$$

- 4.

$$\oint_c \frac{e^z + z}{z^3 - z} dz = -2\pi i.$$

5.

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2 - \cos \theta} d\theta = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}} \approx 3.6276.$$

6.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\sin 2x}{x^2 + x + 1} dx = \frac{-2\pi e^{-\sqrt{3}} \sin 1}{\sqrt{3}} \approx -0.54.$$

7.

$$\phi(r, \theta) = \frac{5}{2} + 2r^2 \cos 2\theta + \frac{3}{2}r^4 \cos 4\theta.$$

8.

$$U = \frac{110}{\pi} \arg \left(-\frac{1+i}{2} \cdot \frac{z-1}{z-i} \right).$$

9.

$$T = \frac{10}{\pi} \arg \left(\frac{z^2 - 1}{z^2 + 4} \right).$$